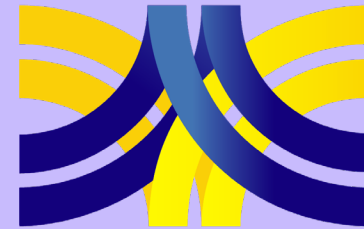


49th ASECAP DAYS

*Decarbonizing Road Infrastructure : Challenges,
Perspectives and Actions in Tough Economy*

ASECAP DAYS



BRUSSELS 2022



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From Digital Infrastructure to C-ITS Services

Development and
harmonisation of standards
for enhanced Traffic
Management Services

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Overview

- Road operator's Digital Infrastructure challenges
- Data Driven ITS Services eco-system
- ITS Architectures and standards as key to interoperability
- Standardisation roadmaps and challenges
- A Data Driven model for roadworks C ITS service delivery

Autostrade per l'Italia and ITS Services



✓ Road Operator in advanced Digital Transformation

- **Focus on Digitalisation for**
 - **Road Information**
 - **Road Network Management**
 - Among several TCCs
 - **Collaborative ITS Services development**

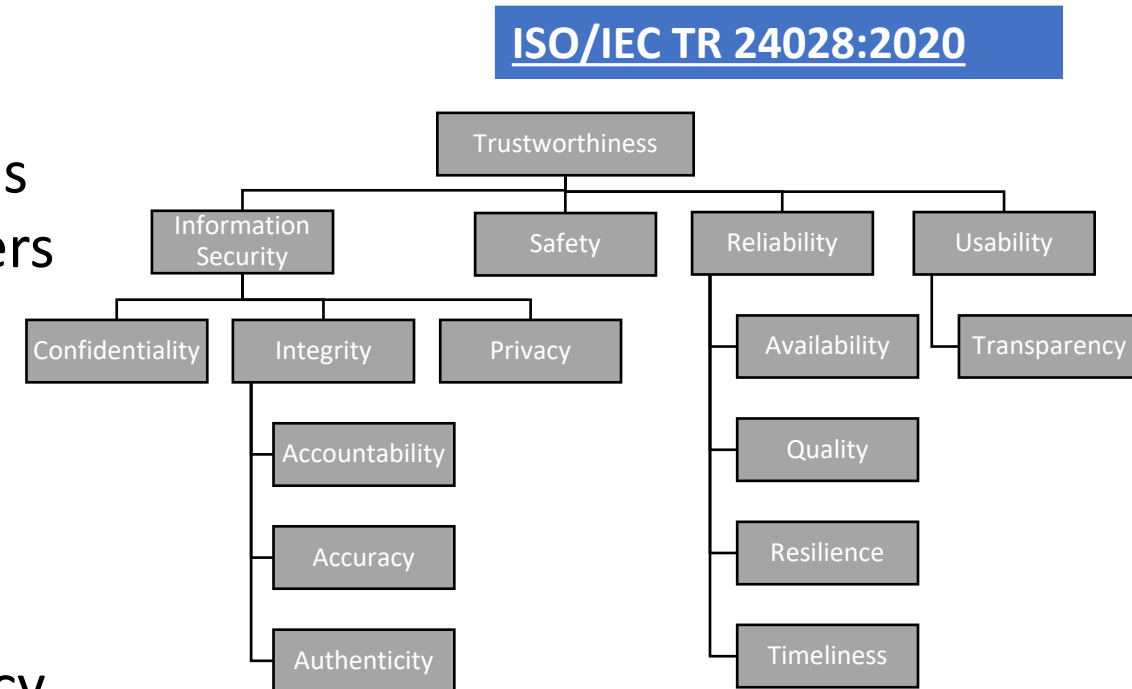
✓ Institutional Service Provider

- Directly involved in **Standardisation Organisations** (DATEX II, CEN, ISO) and **Deployment Projects** (Eu Corridors, C Roads, etc.)

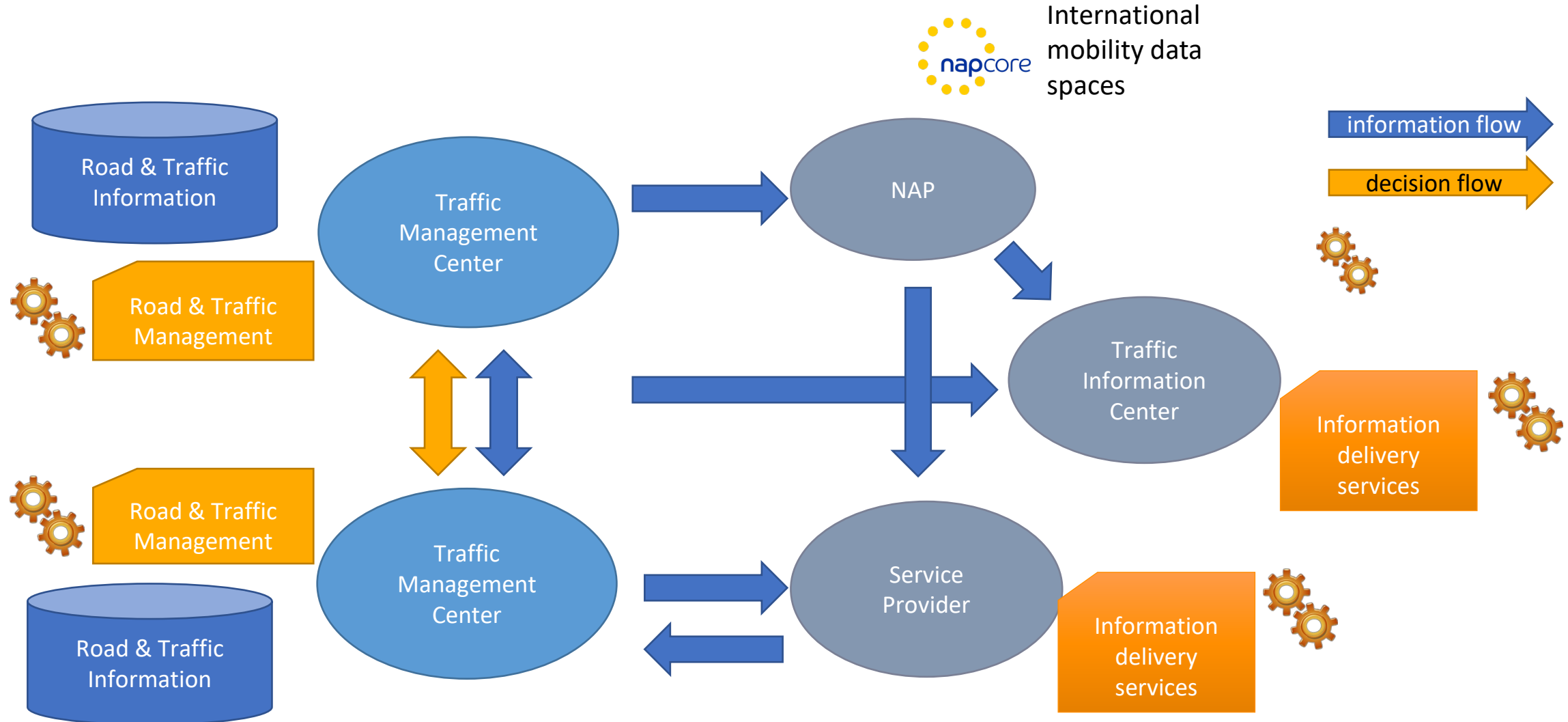
- **3000 km Network**
- **9 operated (+ 3 owned) Traffic Management Center**
- **1 Traffic Information Center**
- **46.111 Million Km travelled in 2022**

Traffic Information Services features

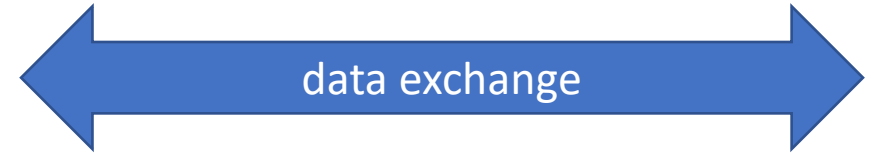
- Delivery of Digitalised Information on road and traffic condition
 - Triggering Traffic management operations
 - Triggering ITS Services by Service Providers
 - Digital Information is the core of any possible action to ease:
 - Network performances
 - Individual travel optimisation
- Key points for information
 - Quality → Reliability, Timeliness, Accuracy
 - Trust → Trustworthiness ** (ISO TR 24028)
 - Resilience and Trust crucial for Automated Driving



ITS Services Data Exchange eco-system



Collaborative Traffic Management by Data Exchange



Exchange Levels

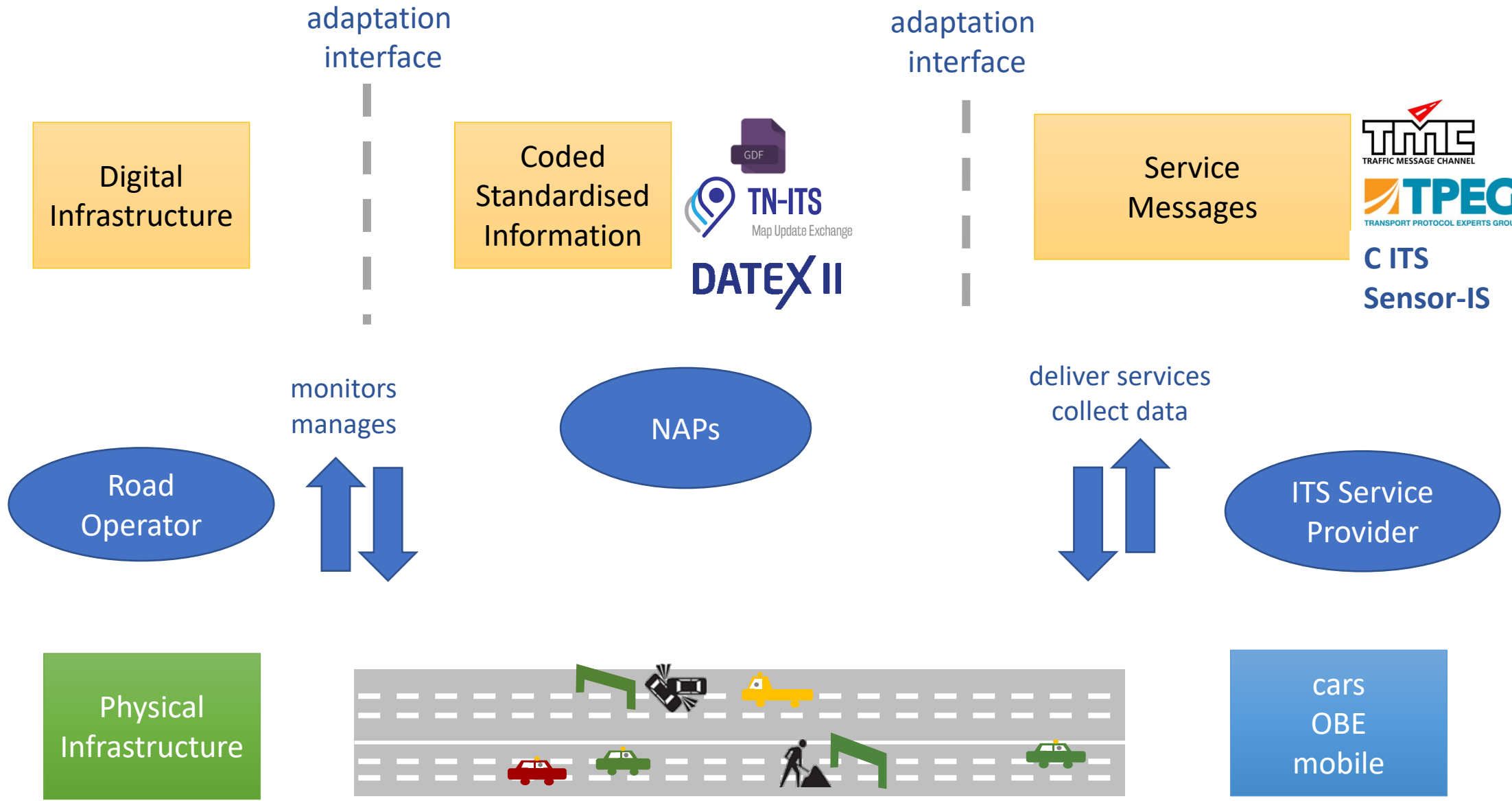
1. Information Delivery
2. Processing
3. Collaborative Management

Agreement and Monitoring






1. VMS Setting
2. TMPlan operation
3. Rerouting



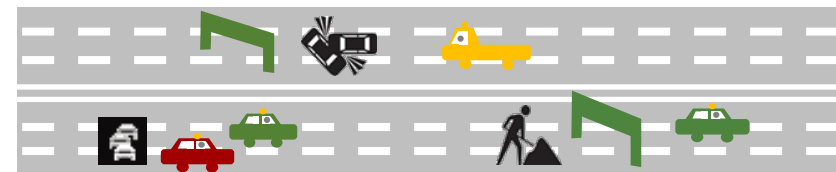
Data Driven ITS Services and Standards



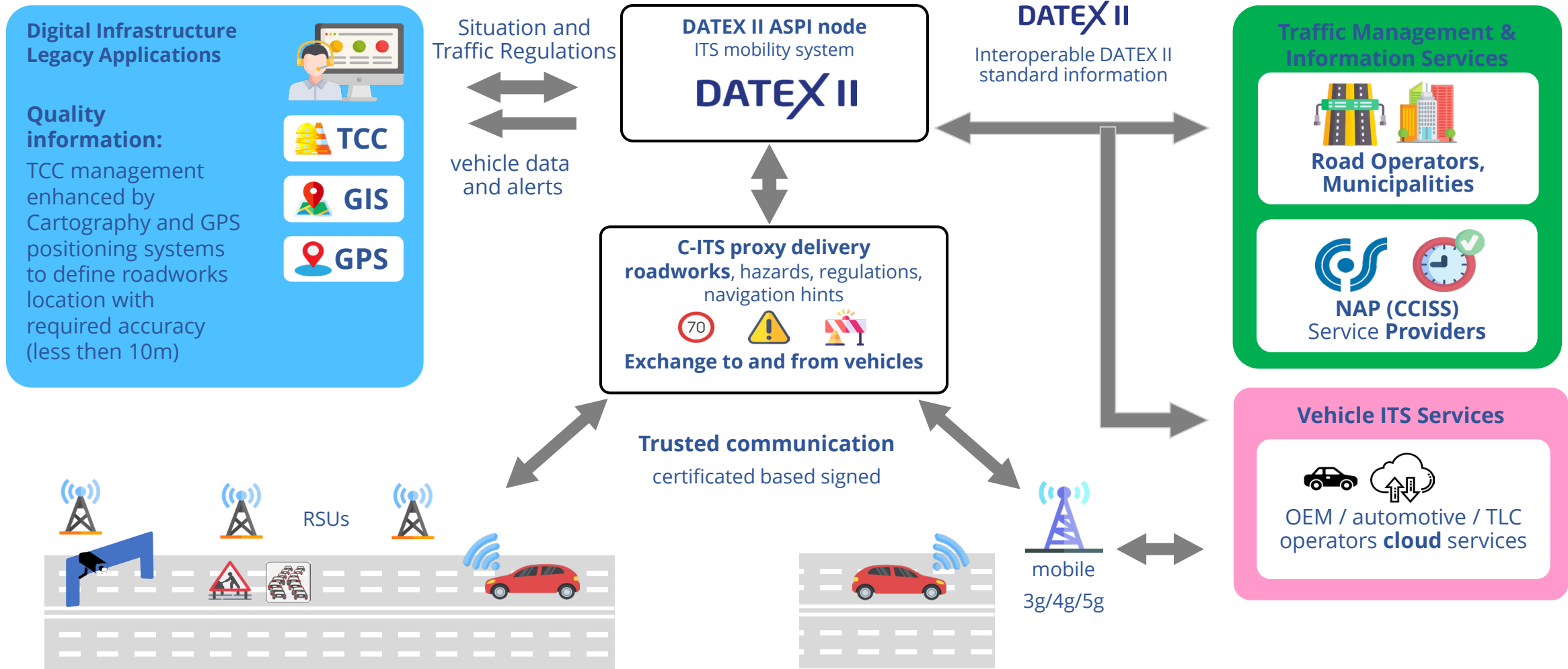
Information Encoding for Application

| Different views to structure data | Information | Goals | Standardised Interface |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Road operator | road conditions, accidents, traffic regulation items along the road network | Safe and sustainable road Traffic Management Level of Services |    |
| Traveller | origin to destination, multiple path choices, best itinerary based on travellers specific goals | Safe comfortable travel Cost awareness Green and Sustainable travel |   |
| Automated Vehicle | driving condition along the roadway based on the chosen itinerary. | safe, secure, efficient, sustainable travel | C ITS Sensori-IS |

Same reality
Different perspectives
Views for Application optimisation



Data Driven ITS Services in ASPI



Quality and Reliability

- Key factors to improve Quality:
 - **Data Quality** for Road Information
 - Accurate and up to date information
 - Semanthic & Onthology
 - Data classification
 - Location Precision
 - HD/3D maps Digital Maps with increasing accuracy
 - **Collaborative / Cooperative process** → improve reliability, timeliness, accuracy
 - Data Fusion, floating car data
 - Collaborative ITS Services
 - Cooperative ITS
 - **Security & Trustworthiness**
 - Cybersecurity aspects
 - Robust and Resilient Data Exchange



Roadworks Information to C ITS

A DATEX II model to support C ITS delivery for Extended Road Work Zones

Roadworks information encoding in DATEX II

DATEX II situation Publication EN 16157-3

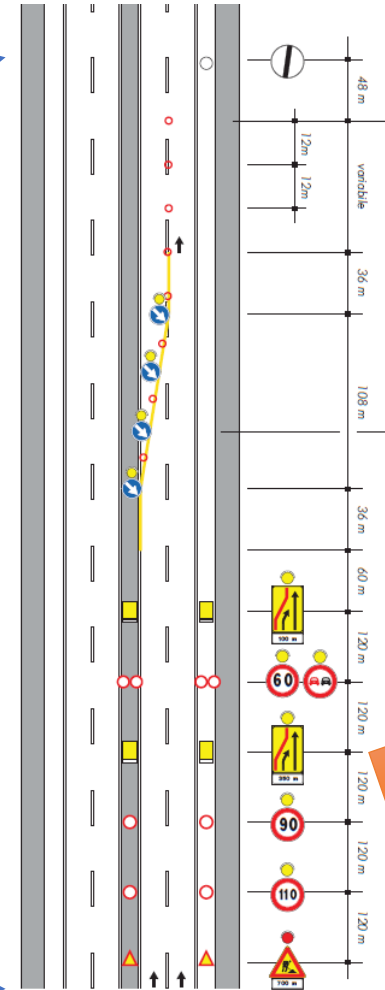
1 Situation with 1 Situation record
Roadworks with 1 closed lane

DATEX Situation / Situation Record
Operator Action Type : Roadworks
Extent Linear from A → B
Positive carriageway
1 closed lane: lane 2 = overtaking lane

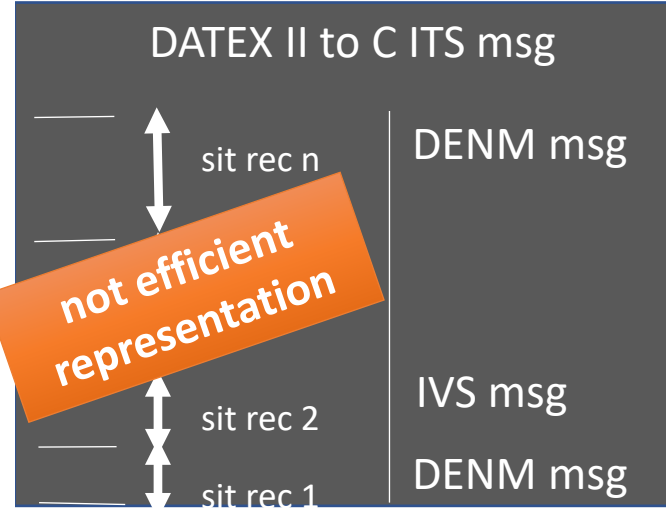


A

lanes usage details



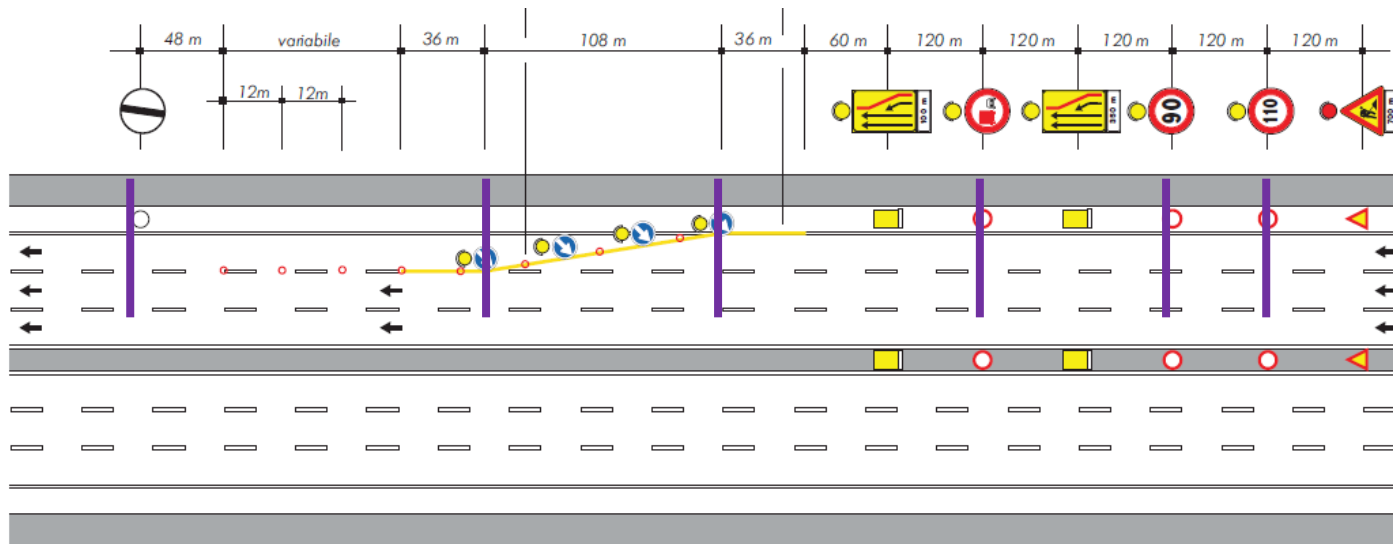
Uniform lane management sections to be represented separately when delivering information to vehicles



Several distinct situation records in a roadwork situation

Sections Concept in Roadwork management

Introducing Section and Lanes along the roadwork Segment



1:1 mapping to C-ITS messages **per section**



- **Roadwork Zone**
- **Sections with homogenous management status**
 - allowed speed / regulations
 - number of lanes
- **Lane status**
 - open
 - closed
 - deviated
 - Allowed speed
 - Overtaking ban
- **Traffic Regulation**
 - Information according to DATEX II TS 16157-11

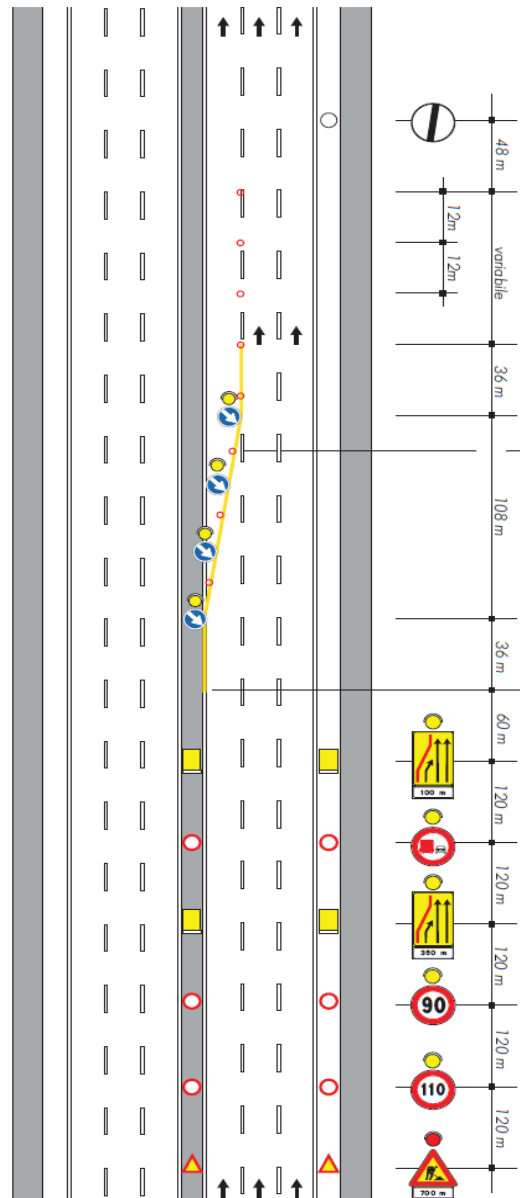
New DATEX II model for Roadworks supporting C ITS

Compact description and 1:1 mapping to C ITS messages:

- 1) Carriageway location definition
- 2) Segment Section and Lanes defined by offset or with precise location referencing options depending on application
- 3) Any section and lane associated to features groups with Traffic Regulation
- 4) Deviated lanes specification in opposite carriageway

NOTE: C ITS messages in Roadworks reference guide, activity ongoing in C ROAD EU platform.

Carriage Lane Management Model Documentation
https://datex2.eu/implementations/extension_directory/lane-carriageway-management-extension



```

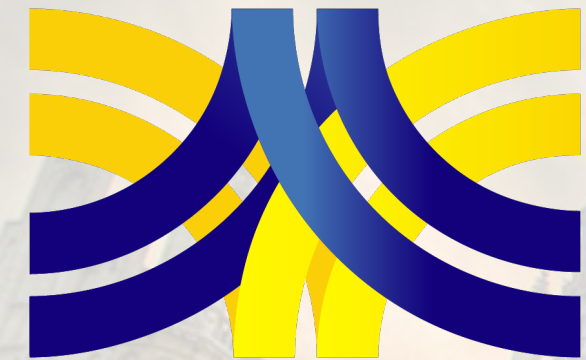
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <d2:payload xmlns:com="http://datex2.eu/schema/3/common" xmlns:d1m="http://datex2.eu/schema/3/laneManagement"
  datex2.eu/schema/3/locationReferencing" xmlns:d2="http://datex2.eu/schema/3/d2Payload" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  schema/3/d2Payload DATEXII_3_D2Payload.xsd" xsi:type="d1m:LaneManagementPublication" lang="en-US" modelBaseVersion="1.0" />
3 <!-- sample of road works in a 3 lane motorway + hardshouder with lane 3 deviated and then closed and reduced width
4 the location description refers to predefined location, otherwise location reference definition is to be used -->
5
6 <com:publicationTime>2006-05-04T18:13:51.0</com:publicationTime>
7 <com:publicationCreator>
8 <com:country>co</com:country>
9 <com:nationalIdentifier>nationalIdentifier0</com:nationalIdentifier>
10 </com:publicationCreator>
11 <d1m:laneManagementSettingDescription xsi:type="d1m:DynamicLaneCarriagewayDescription">
12 <d1m:informationManager>
13 <com:country>it</com:country>
14 <com:nationalIdentifier>IT403</com:nationalIdentifier>
15 </d1m:informationManager>
16 <d1m:applicableFeatureGroup featureGroupReferenceIndex="1">...</d1m:applicableFeatureGroup>
25 <d1m:applicableFeatureGroup featureGroupReferenceIndex="2">...</d1m:applicableFeatureGroup>
34 <d1m:applicableFeatureGroup featureGroupReferenceIndex="3">...</d1m:applicableFeatureGroup>
43 <d1m:applicableFeatureGroup featureGroupReferenceIndex="4">...</d1m:applicableFeatureGroup>
52 <d1m:applicableFeatureGroup featureGroupReferenceIndex="10">...</d1m:applicableFeatureGroup>
53 <d1m:feature>
54 <d1m:trafficRegulation>
55 <tro:typeOfRegulation xmlns:tro="http://datex2.eu/schema/3/trafficRegulation" xsi:type="tro:AccessRestriction">
56 <tro:accessRestrictionType>noEntry</tro:accessRestrictionType>
57 </tro:typeOfRegulation>
58 </d1m:trafficRegulation>
59 </d1m:feature>
60 </d1m:applicableFeatureGroup>
61 <d1m:dynamicHardshoulderManagement>false</d1m:dynamicHardshoulderManagement>
62 <d1m:validity>...</d1m:validity>
68 <d1m:dynamicLaneSegment>
69 <d1m:carriageway>mainCarriageway</d1m:carriageway>
70 <d1m:direction>aligned</d1m:direction>
71 <d1m:locationReference xsi:type="loc:LocationByReference"><loc:predefinedLocationReference id="LO...>
72 </d1m:locationReference>
73 <d1m:dynamicLaneSection index="1">
74 <d1m:length>500</d1m:length>
75 <d1m:numberOfLanes>3</d1m:numberOfLanes>
76 <d1m:offset>0</d1m:offset>
77 <d1m:featureGroupReference>1</d1m:featureGroupReference>
78 <d1m:dynamicLaneStatus index="1">
79 <d1m:laneNumber>0</d1m:laneNumber>
80 <d1m:laneStatus>closed</d1m:laneStatus>
81 <d1m:laneUsage>hardShoulder</d1m:laneUsage>
82 <d1m:reducedWidth>false</d1m:reducedWidth>
83 <d1m:dynamicallyManaged>false</d1m:dynamicallyManaged>
84 </d1m:dynamicLaneStatus>
85 <d1m:dynamicLaneStatus index="2">...</d1m:dynamicLaneStatus>
90 <d1m:dynamicLaneStatus index="3">...</d1m:dynamicLaneStatus>
96 <d1m:dynamicLaneStatus index="4">...</d1m:dynamicLaneStatus>
102 </d1m:dynamicLaneSection>
103 <d1m:dynamicLaneSection index="2">...</d1m:dynamicLaneSection>
124 </d1m:dynamicLaneSection index="2">...</d1m:dynamicLaneSection>
  
```


Conclusions

- **Digital Infrastructure / Digital Twin management** is key toward automation to achieve safe, sustainable, efficient solutions to smart green mobility
 - **Accurate, Trusted, Reliable, Quality** data are to be provided
- **Data Driven ITS Services** and **NAPs mobility data spaces architecture** are under developing
 - **Several Standards** are developed to implement different ITS Services views
 - **Convergence** is needed in road standards to grant interoperable solution
- **Road Operator experience** is needed to drive the standard development and easy to keep the tight connection along the different domains
 - **Interoperability driven standards** is key
- **C ITS & CCAM development leading fast to full digitalisation**

NAPCORE www.napcore.eu
 DATEX II www.datex2.eu
 C ROADS www.c-roads.eu
 CEN www.itsstandard.eu
 CCAM www.ccam.eu

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**THANK YOU FOR
YOUR ATTENTION**

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