### 49th ASECAP DAYS

Decarbonizing Road Infrastructure: Challenges,

Perspectives and Actions in Tough Economy





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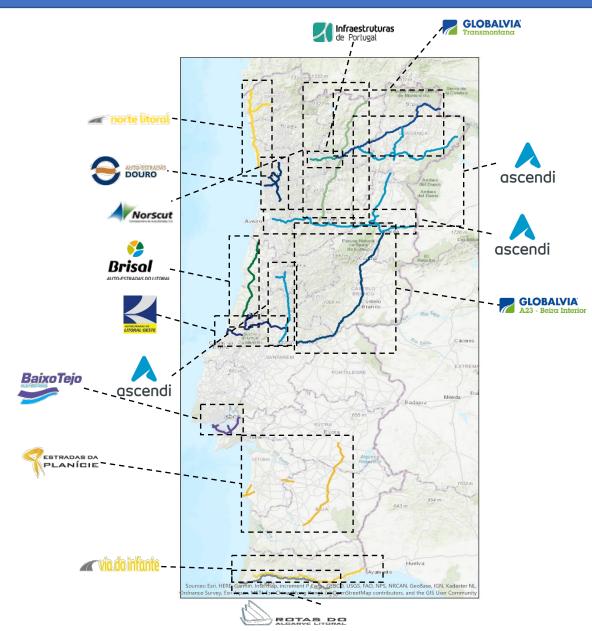


#### **Study Object**

**>**15 PPP

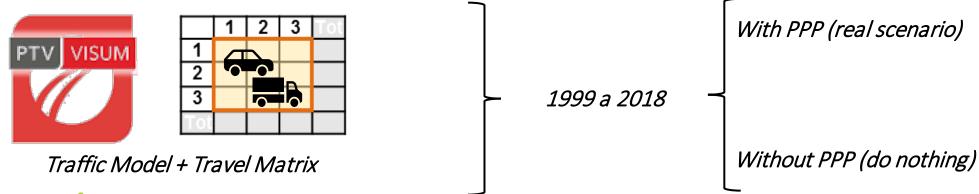
➤ Concession agreements: 1999 to 2040

➤ 1.844 km motorways





#### **Traffic Analysis – Scenarios with and without PPP**



#### **Assumptions**

- > Operational Cost (including fuel + maintenance + depreciation)
- ➤ Value of Time\*
- Tolls (average costs per km in Portugal)
- ➤GNP OCDE (long term, 2018) + correction Covid-19
- ➤ Fuel Costs EIA ("Annual Energy Outlook 2019")

Vehicles	€/km	
Light	0,125	
Heavy	0,289	

Vehicles	€/h	
Light	11,24	
Heavy	46,02	

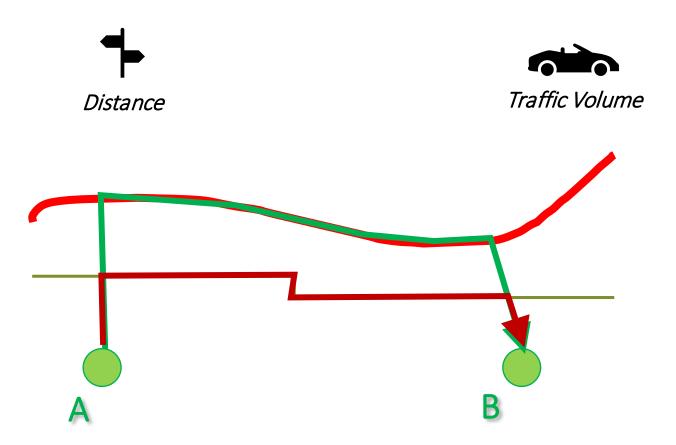
<sup>\*</sup> HEATCO: Developing Harmonized European Approaches for Transport Costing and project assessment



#### Methodology



Not easy to explain the time savings from point to point and not only by the same intersections...





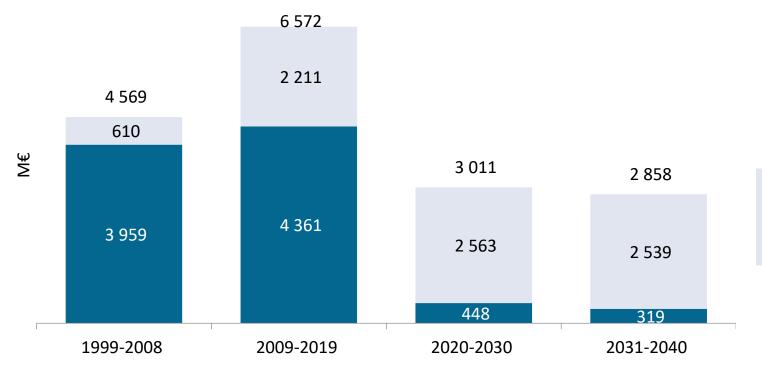
#### Methodology

- The Cost-Benefit Analysis was calculated by the rules of the "Guide to Cost Benefit Analysis of Investment Projects 2014-2020 Economic appraisal tool for Cohesion Policy (Dec.2014)" European Commission
- This methodology is based on the **incremental approach**, where the investment impact is valued by comparing 2 scenarios:
  - ☐ **Final scenario** (with the real investments)
  - ☐ Minimum scenario (do nothing)
- Rule of Half Method (same guide above mentioned)



#### **Investment and Operating Costs**

Estimated Costs – CAPEX and OPEX for 1999/2040 (2018 prices)



Opex

Capex

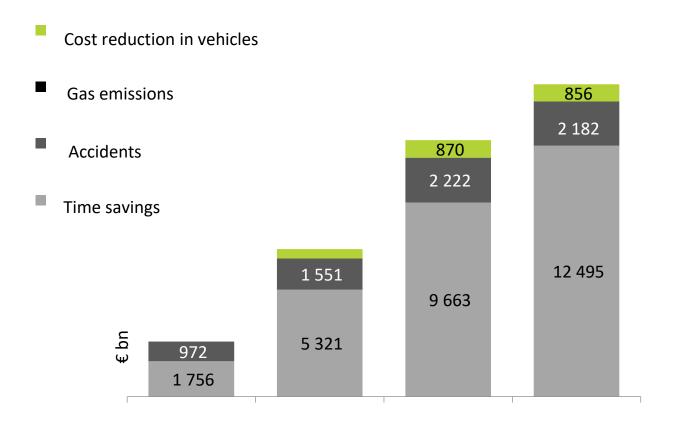
Σ €17.0 bn

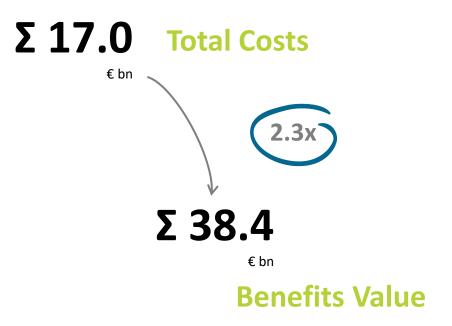
Between 1999 and 2040, cumulated CAPEX of € 9.1 bn and OPEX €7.9 bn, with the total of €17 bn are expected



#### **Estimated Benefits**

#### (2018 prices)





<sup>\*</sup> Vehicle Operating Cost Savings - Guide to Cost Benefit Analysis of Investment Projects 2014-2020 - EC



#### Quantification

The net economic benefit obtained was roughly €17.6 bn.

Therefore the main KPI of the 14 projects reveal the positive impact on the communities served

Current Values		2018 Values (rate 5%*)
Economic Benefits	€38 375 m	€29 928 m
Economic Costs	€(17 010) m	€(22 160) m
Discounted Cash-flow (1999 -	€7 768 m	
Residual Value of Investments	€9 864 m	
Economic Net Present Value		€17 632 m

Due to the KPI sensitive analysis (with 95% confidence interval), the net economic benefit will be between € 11 and €26 bn.

# Net Economic Benefit (2018 prices) 29 928 (22 160) 9 864 17 632 Economic Economic Residual Economic NPV

<sup>\*</sup> Social Discount Rate - Guide to Cost Benefit Analysis of Investment Projects 2014-2020 - EC



#### **References:**

Estudo de Impacto Económico das Concessões Rodoviárias – PWC Portugal – Feb. 2021;\*

Avaliação ExPost Impactes Económico/Financeiros PPP Rodoviárias – Componente de Tráfego – TIS.PT – Feb.2021;\*

Parecer ao Estudo de Impacto Económico das Concessões Rodoviárias – Observatório PPP – Catolica Lisbon – jun.2021;

Guide to Cost Benefit Analysis of Investment Projects 2014-2020 Economic appraisal tool for Cohesion Policy (dec.2014)" – European Commission;

HEATCO: Developing Harmonized European Approaches for Transport Costing and project assessment; EIA ("Annual Energy Outlook 2019")

<sup>\*</sup> Both submitted to an independent opinion of the PPP Observatory (Catolica Lisbon University) – available at APCAP website



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https://www.linkedin.com/company/apcap www.youtube.com/channel/UCwWgNqbm4w1AdOttz6ADefQ

